Sacred Heart Catholic Voluntary Academy

ST THOMAS AQUINAS CATHOLIC MULTI-ACADEMY TRUST

SCIENCE LONG TERM PLAN

UPDATED AUTUMN - G REMEDIOS

KS2 TOPICS ARE TAUGHT ACROSS TERMS AS 5 EQUAL UNITS

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UTW	ADVENT	END POINT	LENT	END POINT	PENTECOST	END POINT
EYFS	**Seasonal changes** – Autumn **Animals including humans-** Senses/My body	Understand some important processes and changes in the natural world around them, including the seasons and changing states of matter Talk about what they see, using a wide vocabulary Explore the natural world around them, making observations and drawing pictures of animals and plants. Use all their senses in hands-on exploration of natural materials.	**Seasonal changes** – Winter/Spring	Understand some important processes and changes in the natural world around them, including the seasons and changing states of matter Talk about what they see, using a wide vocabulary Explore the natural world around them, making observations and drawing pictures of animals and plants.	**Seasonal changes** – Summer **Animals including humans –** Comparing environments **Living things and their habitats –** animal habitats	Understand some important processes and changes in the natural world around them, including the seasons and changing states of matter Talk about what they see, using a wide vocabulary Explore the natural world around them, making observations and drawing pictures of animals and plants. Know some similarities and differences between the natural world around them and contrasting environments, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class.

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	ADVENT 1	END POINTS	ADVENT 2	END POINTS
YEAR 1	**Seasonal changes** – Autumn	Observe changes across the four seasons Observe and describe weather associated with the seasons and how day length varies	**Seasonal changes** – Winter	Observe changes across the four seasons Observe and describe weather associated with the seasons and how day length varies
	Animals including humans- Senses/My body	Identify, name, draw and label the basic parts of the human body and say which part of the body is associated with each sense	**Animals including humans**	Identify and name a variety of common animals including fish, amphibians, reptiles, birds and mammals Identify and name a variety of common animals that are carnivores, herbivores and omnivores Describe and compare the structure of a variety of common animals (fish, amphibians, reptiles, birds and mammals, including pets)
	LENT 1	END POINTS	LENT 2	END POINTS
YEAR 1	**Seasonal changes** – Winter	Observe changes across the four seasons Observe and describe weather associated with the seasons and how day length varies	**Seasonal changes** – Spring	Observe changes across the four seasons Observe and describe weather associated with the seasons and how day length varies
	Everyday Materials	Distinguish between an object and the material from which it is made Identify and name a variety of everyday materials, including wood, plastic, glass, metal, water, and rock Describe the simple physical properties of a variety of everyday materials Compare and group together a variety of everyday materials on the basis of their simple physical properties	**Everyday Materials**	Distinguish between an object and the material from which it is made Identify and name a variety of everyday materials, including wood, plastic, glass, metal, water, and rock Describe the simple physical properties of a variety of everyday materials Compare and group together a variety of everyday materials on the basis of their simple physical properties

	PENTECOST 1	END POINTS	PENTECOST 2	END POINTS
YEAR 1			**Seasonal changes** – Summer	Observe changes across the four seasons Observe and describe weather associated with the seasons and how day length varies
	Plants	Identify and name a variety of common wild and garden plants, including deciduous and evergreen trees Identify and describe the basic structure of a variety of common flowering plants, including trees	**Plants**	Identify and name a variety of common wild and garden plants, including deciduous and evergreen trees Identify and describe the basic structure of a variety of common flowering plants, including trees

GREEN – BIOLOGY BLUE – CHEMISTRY RED – PHYSICS

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	ADVENT 1 +	END POINTS	ADVENT 2 +	END POINTS
YEAR 2	**Living things and their habitats**	Explore and compare the differences between things that are living, dead, and things that have never been alive Identify that most living things live in habitats to which they are suited and describe how different habitats provide for the basic needs of different kinds of animals and plants, and how they depend on each other Identify and name a variety of plants and animals in their habitats, including micro-habitats Describe how animals obtain their food from plants and other animals, using the idea of a simple food chain, and identify and name different sources of food	**Uses of everyday materials**	Identify and compare the suitability of a variety of everyday materials, including wood, metal, plastic, glass, brick, rock, paper and cardboard for particular uses Find out how the shapes of solid objects made from some materials can be changed by squashing, bending, twisting and stretching

	LENT 1 & 2	END POINTS
YEAR 2	**Animals including humans**	Notice that animals, including humans, have offspring which grow into adults Find out about and describe the basic needs of animals, including humans, for survival (water, food and air)
	PENTECOST 1 & 2	END POINTS
YEAR 2	**Plants**- requirements for healthy growth -growing seeds and bulbs	Observe and describe how seeds and bulbs grow into mature plants Find out and describe how plants need water, light and a suitable temperature to grow and stay healthy
	Living things and their habitats -local habitat in summer	Identify and name a variety of plants and animals in their habitats, including micro-habitats

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	ADVENT 1	END POINTS	ADVENT 2	END POINTS
YEAR 3	**Animals including humans** -skeletal system and muscles, nutrition	Identify that animals, including humans, need the right types and amount of nutrition, and that they cannot make their own food; they get nutrition from what they eat Identify that humans and some other animals have skeletons and muscles for support, protection and movement	**Light** – to see things shadow patterns danger of sunlight	Recognise that they need light in order to see things and that dark is the absence of light Notice that light is reflected from surfaces Recognise that light from the sun can be dangerous and that there are ways to protect their eyes Recognise that shadows are formed when the light from a light source is blocked by an opaque object find patterns in the way that the size of shadows changes
	Plants –seed dispersal	Explore seed dispersal in the life cycle of flowering plants		

	LENT 1 + 2	END POINTS	LENT 2 + PENT 1	END POINTS
YEAR 3	**Rocks** – comparing different rocks, how fossils are formed	Compare and group together different kinds of rocks on the basis of their appearance and simple physical properties Describe in simple terms how fossils are formed when things that have lived are trapped within rock Recognise that soils are made from rocks and organic matter	**Forces** - contact forces on surfaces and magnetic forces of attraction or repulsion	Compare how things move on different surfaces Notice that some forces need contact between two objects, but magnetic forces can act at a distance Observe how magnets attract or repel each other and attract some materials and not others Compare and group together a variety of everyday materials on the basis of whether they are attracted to a magnet and identify some magnetic materials Describe magnets as having two poles

				Predict whether two magnets will attract or repel each other, depending on which poles are facing

	PENTECOST 1 & 2	END POINTS
YEAR 3	**Plants –** function and requirements for growth of flowering plants, pollination (Seed dispersal in Autumn)	, Identify and describe the functions of different parts of flowering plants: roots, stem/trunk, leaves and flowers Explore the requirements of plants for life and growth (air, light, water, nutrients from soil, and room to grow) and how they vary from plant to plant Investigate the way in which water is transported within plants

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	ADVENT 1	END POINTS	ADVENT 2	END POINTS
YEAR 4	**State of matter -** changes of state- condensation and evaporation in the water cycle	Compare and group materials together, according to whether they are solids, liquids or gases Observe that some materials change state when they are heated or cooled, and measure or research the temperature at which this happens in degrees Celsius (°C) Identify the part played by evaporation and condensation in the water cycle and associate the rate of evaporation with temperature	**Living things and their habitats** – classification keys, environmental changes	Recognise that living things can be grouped in a variety of ways Explore and use classification keys to help group, identify and name a variety of living things in their local and wider environment Recognise that environments can change and that this can sometimes pose dangers to living things

	LENT 1 +2	END POINTS	LENT 2+ PENTECOST 1	END POINTS
YEAR 4	**Electricity** -electrical appliances, conductors and insulators, building simple circuits	Identify common appliances that run on electricity Construct a simple series electrical circuit, identifying and naming its basic parts, including cells, wires, bulbs, switches and buzzers Identify whether or not a lamp will light in a simple series circuit, based on whether or not the lamp is part of a complete loop with a battery Recognise that a switch opens and closes a circuit and associate this with whether or not a lamp lights in a simple series circuit Recognise some common conductors and insulators, and associate metals with being good conductors	**Animals including humans** -digestive system food chains, teeth	Describe the simple functions of the basic parts of the digestive system in humans Identify the different types of teeth in humans and their simple functions Construct and interpret a variety of food chains, identifying producers, predators and prey
	PENTECOST 1 + 2		END POINTS	
YEAR 4	**Sound** -how sound is made through vibration		Identify how sounds are made, associating some of them with something vibrating	

	-investigating pitch and volume	Recognise that vibrations from sounds travel through a medium to the ear Find patterns between the pitch of a sound and features of the object that produced it Find patterns between the volume of a sound and the strength of the vibrations that produced it Recognise that sounds get fainter as the distance from the sound source increases

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YEAR 5	**Earth and Space** - the solar system -movement of the Moon relative to the Earth - day and night	Describe the movement of the Earth, and other planets, relative to the Sun in the solar system Describe the movement of the Moon relative to the Earth Describe the Sun, Earth and Moon as approximately spherical bodies Use the idea of the Earth's rotation to explain day and night and the apparent movement of the sun across the sky	**Forces** - effect of gravity, friction, air and water resistance - use of gears, pulleys and levers	Explain that unsupported objects fall towards the Earth because of the force of gravity acting between the Earth and the falling object Identify the effects of air resistance, water resistance and friction, that act between moving surfaces Recognise that some mechanisms, including levers, pulleys and gears, allow a smaller force to have a greater effect

	LENT 1 + 2	END POINTS	LENT 2 + PENT 1	END POINTS
YEAR 5	**Living things and their habitats** - animal life cycles - reproduction of plants	Describe the differences in the life cycles of a mammal, an amphibian, an insect and a bird Describe the life process of reproduction in some plants and animals	**Animals including humans** -growth and development of humans	Describe the changes as humans develop to old age

	PENTECOST 1 + 2	END POINTS
YEAR 5	**Properties and changes of materials** -grouping materials, -separation of mixtures, -reversible and irreversible changes	Compare and group together everyday materials on the basis of their properties, including their hardness, solubility, transparency, conductivity (electrical and thermal), and response to magnets Know that some materials will dissolve in liquid to form a solution, and describe how to recover a substance from a solution Use knowledge of solids, liquids and gases to decide how mixtures might be separated, including through filtering, sieving and evaporating Give reasons, based on evidence from comparative and fair tests, for the particular uses of everyday materials, including metals, wood and plastic Demonstrate that dissolving, mixing and changes of state are reversible changes Explain that some changes result in the formation of new materials, and that this kind of change is not usually reversible, including changes associated with burning and the action of acid on bicarbonate of soda

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YEAR 6	**Light -** sources, reflection and shadows	Recognise that light appears to travel in straight lines Use the idea that light travels in straight lines to explain that objects are seen because they give out or reflect light into the eye Explain that we see things because light travels from light sources to our eyes or from light sources to objects and then to our eyes Use the idea that light travels in straight lines to explain why shadows have the same shape as the objects that cast them	**Electricity -** comparing components in different circuits	Associate the brightness of a lamp or the volume of a buzzer with the number and voltage of cells used in the circuit Compare and give reasons for variations in how components function, including the brightness of bulbs, the loudness of buzzers and the on/off position of switches Use recognised symbols when representing a simple circuit in a diagram

	LENT 1 + 2	END POINTS	LENT 2 + PENT 1	END POINTS
YEAR 6	**Animals including humans** - circulatory system - effects of harmful substances	Identify and name the main parts of the human circulatory system, and describe the functions of the heart, blood vessels and blood Recognise the impact of diet, exercise, drugs and lifestyle on the way their bodies function Describe the ways in which nutrients and water are transported within animals, including humans	**Living things and their habitats** -classification	Describe how living things are classified into broad groups according to common observable characteristics and based on similarities and differences, including micro-organisms, plants and animals Give reasons for classifying plants and animals based on specific characteristics

YEAR 6	PENTECOST 1 + 2	END POINTS

YEAR 6	**Evolution and Inheritance** - adaptation of plants and animals to suit their environment & evolution over time. -fossils provide information about ancient life	Recognise that living things have changed over time and that fossils provide information about living things that inhabited the Earth millions of years ago Recognise that living things produce offspring of the same kind, but normally offspring vary and are not identical to their parents Identify how animals and plants are adapted to suit their environment in different ways and that adaptation may lead to evolution

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